

**Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology**

**Department of Civil Engineering**

**Class Test – I**

**Session: Jan-June 2023**

**Semester – 6<sup>th</sup> Subject –Structural Engineering Design-II Subject Code:- C020611(020)**

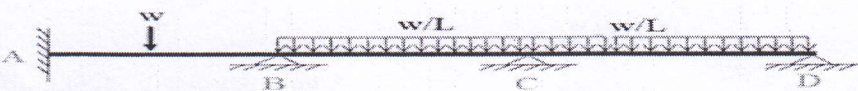
**Time Allowed: 2 hrs. Max Marks: 40**

**Note: - In Part I & II, All Question is compulsory and attempt any two from B, C & D.**

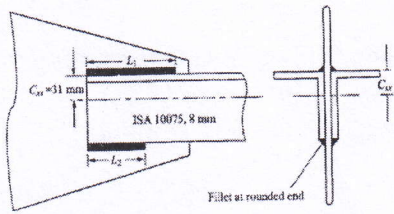


Q. No.	Questions	Marks	Levels of Bloom's taxonomy	COs
--------	-----------	-------	----------------------------	-----

**Part-1**

A.	Define Shape factor. Also find the value of shape factor for triangular section.	[4]	Understand	CO1
B.	Determine the collapse load for the below continuous beam. The moment capacity of the Mp throughout. The length of each span AB, BC and CD is L. 	[8]	Analyze	CO1
C.	Explain the various type of structural steel that are use in steel structure.	[8]	Understand	CO1
D.	Explain the Design Philosophies.	[8]	Understand	CO1

**Part- II**

A.	Difference between welded and bolted connections.	[4]	Understand	CO2
B.	Two ISF section 200mm X 10mm each and 1.5m long are to be jointed to make a member length of 3.0m. Design a butt joint with the bolts arranged in the diamond pattern. The flat is supposed to carry a service load 300KN. Steel is of grade Fe410. 20mm diameter bolts of grade 4.6 are used to make the connections. Also, determine the net tensile strength of the main plate and cover plate.	[8]	Analyze	CO2
C.	A tie member of a roof truss consists of 2 ISA 100 x 75, 8mm.the angles are connected to either side of a 10mm gusset plates and the member is subjected to a working pull of 300KN.Design the weld connection. Assume connections are made in the workshop. 	[8]	Analyze	CO2
D.	Explain the different types of bolts and different types of joint.	[8]	Understand	CO2



Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology

Department of Civil Engineering

Class Test – I

Session- Jan-June, 2023

Month-April

Sem- 6<sup>th</sup>

Subject- Disaster Management

Code- C000604(094)

Time Allowed: 2 hrs

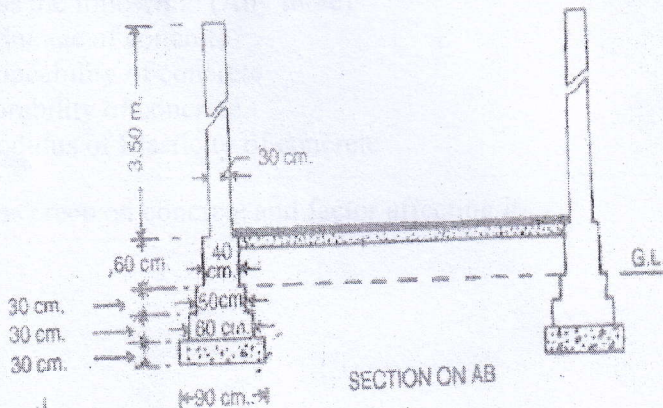
Max Marks: 40

Note: - Question Q1 is compulsory. Attempt any 2 questions from Q2, Q3 and Q4.

Q.N.	Questions	Marks	Levels of Bloom's taxonomy	COs
<b>PART-I</b>				
Q1	Differentiate between natural disaster and man-made disaster?	[4]	Analyze	CO1
Q2	Define hydrological disaster. Describe the guideline for flood prevention.	[8]	Understand	CO1
Q3	Describe the terminologies related to earthquake and causes of earthquake.	[8]	Understand	CO1
Q4	Discuss the factors of soil erosion? Explain in brief about conservation measures of soil erosion.	[8]	Understand	CO1
<b>PART-II</b>				
Q1	Define disaster zoning.	[4]	Understand	CO2
Q2	Define Hazard Assessment and underline the methodologies for conducting hazard assessment.	[8]	Understand	CO2
Q3	How do engineered structures help us to withstand like floods, earthquakes, and cyclones?	[8]	Understand	CO2
Q4	Discuss the need and importance of EIA. What are the key elements in EIA as per Government of India notification?	[8]	Remember	CO2

Note: -Question (a) is compulsory. Attempt any two from b, c and d form Part I and Part II.

Q. No.	Questions	Marks	Levels of Bloom's taxonomy	COs
<b>Part- I</b>				
(a)	Calculate the extra length of following bars. (a) Bent up Bars 30 Degree (b) Bent up Bars 45 Degree	[4]	Apply	CO2
(b)	A R.C.C.slab of overall size 6600mm x3300mm having thickness 150mm reinforced with 12mm diameter main bars bent up alternately and placed @150mm c/c. The distribution bar of 8mm dia. Is provided @ 200mm c/c. Assume all-round cover 15mm. Calculate the following: 1. R.C.C. work in Beam 2. Form work for beam 3. Reinforcement in beam	[8]	Apply	CO2
(c)	Describe the long wall and short wall method of estimating with suitable example.	[8]	Understand	CO2
(d)	Estimate the following quantity for the plan of single room building of 5 m ×4 m. and section are represents cross section of the wall with foundation. a) Earth work wxcavation b) PCC in footing c) Brick work plint and foundation d) DPC e) Brick work in super structure	[8]	Apply	CO2
<b>Part- II</b>				
(a)	Write Unit of measurement. 1. DPC 2. Cement concrete bed 3. Cutting of Angles, Tees and Plates 4. Rolled Steel Joist	[4]	Understand	CO1
(b)	Differentiate Between Abstract and Detailed Estimate.	[8]	Analyze	CO1



(c)	Prepare approximate estimate of a building from following data i) Plinth area -- 180sqm. ii) Plinth area rate -- Rs.3500/sqm. iii) Special architectural treatment--1% of cost of building iv) Electrification charges--8% of cost of building v) Water supply and sanitary installation—5% of cost of building vi) Contingencies—3% of cost of building vii) Supervisor charges--3% of cost of building.	[8]	Apply	CO1
(d)	Describe the following terms 1. Contingencies 2. Technical Sanction 3. Tool and Plants 4. Work Charge Establishment	[8]	Understand	CO1



**Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology, Raipur**

**Department of Civil Engineering**

**Class Test – I Session: Jan-June, 2023 Month – April**

**Semester – 6<sup>th</sup>**

**Subject – Concrete Technology**

**Sub. Code – C020632(020)**

**Time Allowed: 2 hrs. Max Marks: 40**

*Note: - In Part I & II, Question A is compulsory and attempt any two from B, C & D.*

Q. No.	Questions	Marks	Levels of Bloom's taxonomy	CO's
<b>Part I</b>				
A.	Define specific surface and surface index of aggregate.	[4]	Remember	CO1
B.	Describe the process of hydration of cement with suitable diagram of hydrated product.	[8]	Understand	CO1
C.	Discuss the significance of following properties of aggregates: (i) Soundness (ii) Shape (iii) Gap graded aggregate	[8]	Understand	CO1
D.	Discuss the following: (i) grading requirements of aggregates (ii) blended cement	[8]	understand	CO1
<b>Part II</b>				
A.	Describe curing of concrete with its types.	[4]	Understand	CO3
B.	Enlist and Discuss the factors affecting strength of concrete.	[8]	Understand	CO3
C.	Discuss the following: (Any three) i) Shrinkage of concrete ii) Permeability of concrete iii) Durability of concrete iv) Modulus of Elasticity of concrete	[8]	Understand	CO3
D.	Discuss creep on concrete and factor affecting it.	[8]	Understand	CO3



**Shri Shankaracharya Institute of Professional Management & Technology Department of Civil Engineering**

**Class Test – I Session: Jan – June, 2023 Month – April**

**Semester – 6th Subject – Environment Engineering Code –**

**C020612(020) Time Allowed: 2hrs. Max Marks: 40**

**Note: – In each part – a) Question 1 is compulsory carrying 4 marks. b) Attempt any two Questions out of 2, 3 & 4 carrying 8 marks each.**

Q.No.	Questions	Marks	Levels of Bloom's taxonomy	CO's												
<b>Part I</b>																
1)	What do you mean by "Fire Demand"? For a city having a population of 1,35,000, Obtain the fire demand using National Board Formula.	[4]	Understand	CO1												
2)	Outline the different chemical water quality parameters giving detailed explanation with reference to acceptable and cause of rejection limits.	[8]	Analyze	CO1												
3)	A 100 ml sample of water having pH of 11.5 is titrated with 0.02 N H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> . The sample attains a pH of 8.3 after 5ml of acid is added to it. An additional 4 ml of acid is required to bring the pH of the sample to 4.5. What are the types of alkalinities present in the water sample and determine the concentration of each in mg/L as CaCO <sub>3</sub> .	[8]	Apply	CO1												
4)	<p>Following table represents the census data for a city:</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <thead> <tr> <th>Year</th> <th>Population</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1935</td> <td>25,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1945</td> <td>28,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1955</td> <td>34,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1965</td> <td>42,000</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1975</td> <td>???</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>If Population at the end of year 2005 is 75,000, Calculate:            a) Population for the year 1975 (Using Incremental Increase Method)            b) Population for the year 1995 (Using Arithmetic Increase Method)</p>	Year	Population	1935	25,000	1945	28,000	1955	34,000	1965	42,000	1975	???	[8]	Apply	CO1
Year	Population															
1935	25,000															
1945	28,000															
1955	34,000															
1965	42,000															
1975	???															
<b>Part II</b>																
1)	Explain the mechanism of Coagulation in water treatment. What are the coagulants used? Write chemical formulae of each.	[4]	Understand	CO2												
2)	Derive the formulae of settling velocity using Stokes Law. State the assumptions used.	[8]	Analyze	CO2												
3)	Water works of a town is provided with sedimentation tank of size 40m × 15m × 3.5m. If 15 ppm of suspended solids are present in the water and 60% are removed in the basin, Specific gravity of solids = 3.1, determine the following, if 8.5 × 10 <sup>6</sup> liters of water is treated daily (i) t <sub>d</sub> (ii) Flow Velocity (iii) Volume of solids deposited (iv) Overflow rate	[8]	Apply	CO2												
4)	Design a sedimentation tank rectangular in shape to treat 2 million liters of water with detention period of 2 hours. If the water contains 700 mg/l of suspended solids, 35% are settleable, calculate the volume of sludge produced for one-month cleaning period. Specific Gravity = 1.1 Surface overflow rates shall be less than 45000 l/d/m <sup>2</sup> .	[8]	Create	CO2												